### Directors Briefing: Privacy Governance: Risk and Opportunity for Directors

Wednesday 25 June 2014

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## **Privacy Governance**

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## The macro picture

#### Data as an asset

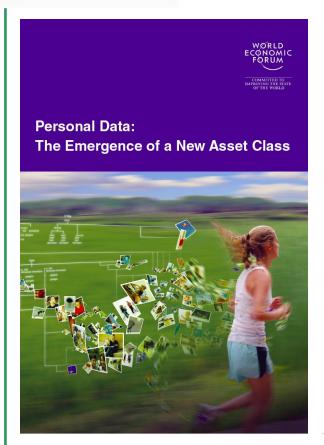
"Some day, on the corporate balance sheet, there will be an entry that reads, 'information'; for in most cases, the information is more valuable than the hardware that processes it."

Rear Admiral Grace Murray Hopper

(American Computer programmer and Inventor of COBOL, 1906-1992)



### Bringing up the rear





The Internet
Trust Bubble
Global Values,
Beliefs and Practices

William H. Dutton, Ginette Law, Gillian Bolsover and Soumitra Dutta





Rethinking Personal Data: A New Lens for Strengthening Trust

Prepared in collaboration with A.T. Kearney



World Economic Forum Reports: <a href="https://www.weforum.org/issues/rethinking-personal-data">www.weforum.org/issues/rethinking-personal-data</a>





## The micro picture: Changes to the Privacy Act



# More focus on management of personal information

- ➤ APP 1.2 Open and transparent management of personal information
  - 1.2 An APP entity must take such steps as are reasonable in the circumstances to implement practices, procedures and systems relating to the entity's functions or activities that:
    - (a) will ensure that the entity complies with the Australian Privacy Principles and a registered APP code (if any) that binds the entity; and
- "The bedrock principle"
- Read in conjunction with increased powers of the Privacy Commissioner

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# More focus on transparency and accountability

- > APP 1.3 Privacy Policy
  - Clearly expressed
  - Up-to-date
  - Mention any overseas disclosures
- > APP 7 Direct marketing
  - Tell people source of direct marketing info if asked
- APP 8 Accountability for cross-border disclosures

### Cross border accountability

- ➤ APP 8.1 obliges APP entities to take reasonable steps to ensure that the overseas recipient does not breach the APPs
  - In combination with section 16C, introduces **accountability**
- Two relevant exceptions in APP 8.2:
  - The overseas recipient is subject to a law or binding scheme that is substantially similar to the APPs with accessible enforcement mechanisms
  - The individual gives informed consent



# Significant bolster of PC powers

- Conduct assessments of privacy compliance for both Commonwealth agencies and private businesses
- Request, develop, approve and register binding codes of practice relating to information privacy or credit reporting
- Accept and enforce written undertakings
- Conduct own motion investigations and take action, including:
  - Order the entity to take specified steps to ensure that a breach will not be repeated (e.g, independent privacy audits)
  - Order the entity to redress loss or damage suffered by individuals
- ➤ Impose fines of up to \$1.7 million for entities that engage in serious and repeated interferences with privacy





## How to respond: It starts from the top!

### **Key ingredients**

- Clear understanding of the value of personal information to the organisation
- Commitment from the Board
- Good data and privacy governance structured oversight and accountability - dedicated staff if needed



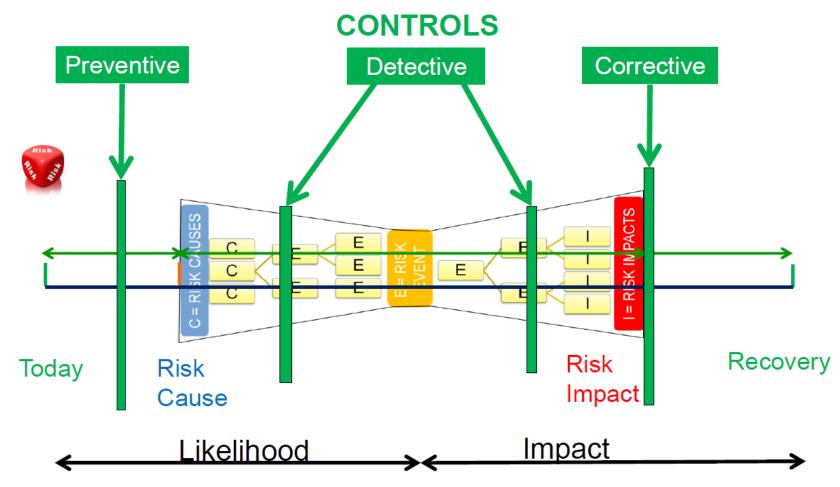


# The five "must haves" for information management strategy

- 1. A senior role with management responsibility and accountability for privacy and information handling
- 2. A comprehensive internal privacy policy that reflects the operations of the entity, including a privacy by design approach
- 3. An appropriate weighting for privacy and the management of personal information in the entity's overall risk management framework
- 4. A privacy audit program to ensure staff comply with the entity's privacy policies and legislation
- 5. A data breach management plan that includes when individuals will be notified of breaches affecting them



# Framework for risk management



Source: David Tattam, Protecht (2013)

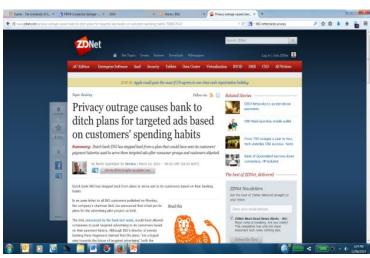
# A practical example of



## pitfalls Netherlands



- Launched pilot using customer spending patterns to enable companies to offer discounts
- Public outcry on social media
- Government and Privacy Commissioner asking questions
- Pilot shelved and extensive explanation required



 $\frac{http://www.zdnet.com/privacy-outrage-causes-bank-to-ditch-plans-for-targeted-ads-based-on-customers-spending-habits-7000027422/$ 

http://www.nltimes.nl/2014/03/10/ing-data-sharing-angers-mps-consumers/

http://www.ing.com/About-us/ING-and-the-use-of-customer-data.htm

# Helpful prevention and planning tools

- Organisation-wide Privacy Health Check
- Before a change to handling of personal information (eg, policy, project, etc) Privacy Impact Assessment
- Privacy by Design principles





# The top 10 questions to ensure compliance

- 1. Do you have practices, procedures and systems to ensure compliance with the APPs and to handle inquiries or complaints?
- 2. Do you make your policies and practices relating to the handling of personal information available to customers in an easy to read format?
- 3. Do you limit the personal information you collect (collection limitation)?
- 4. Do you provide clear and easy to read privacy notice at the time or before you collect personal information?
- 5. Do you gain customer consent (or rely on an applicable exemption) if you use or disclose personal information for a purpose other than the primary purpose for which the information was collected?



# The top 10 questions to ensure compliance cont'd

- 6. Do you give individuals a chance to opt-out of receiving direct marketing material?
- 7. If you disclose information overseas, have you taken the necessary steps to protect it from privacy breaches?
- 8. Have you implemented controls to ensure the personal information you hold and disclose is accurate, complete and up-to-date?
- 9. Are your security safeguards for protecting personal information appropriate for the sensitivity level of the information?
- 10. Do you have well-developed processes for customers to gain access and seek corrections to their own personal information



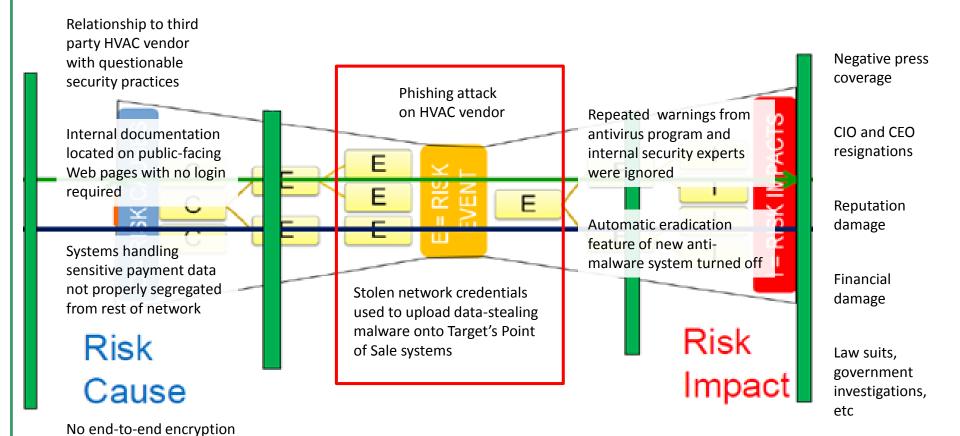
### What now?

- 1. Engage your board and top executives
  - Strategic intent, not ad hoc tactics
  - Information management strategy
- 2. Consider the risk bow-tie when allocating resources (prevent/detect/correct)
- 3. Leverage planning tools into existing processes, eg
  - Privacy Health Check
  - PIA
  - Privacy by Design
  - Data Breach Response Plan





## Risk bow-tie in practice: Target data breach

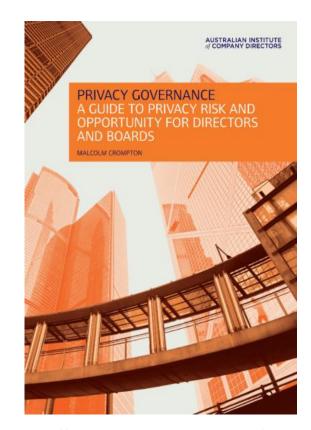


Source: David Tattam, Protecht (2013)

(poor industry standard)

## More help for Directors and Senior managers

A Guide to Privacy Risk and Opportunity for Directors and Boards (2014)



http://www.companydirectors.com.au/Director-Resource-Centre/Publications/Book-Store/Privacy-Governance

### **About IIS**

- Building trust and privacy through global thought leadership and consultancy work for a range of public and private organisations
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